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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
 9 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA  
 10 (Hon. Jeffrey T. Miller)

11 UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, )  
 12 Plaintiff, )  
 13 v. )  
 14 MICHAEL BESS-AMARILLAS, et al. )  
 15 Defendants. )

Case No. 08-CR-0307-03-JM

**STATEMENT OF FACTS AND  
 MEMORANDUM OF POINTS  
 AND AUTHORITIES IN SUPPORT  
 OF DEFENDANT'S MOTIONS**

**I.**

**Statement of Facts**

18 The following Statement of Facts is derived from a review of the discovery provided to the  
 19 defense to date. The defendant does not stipulate to the truth of these facts and reserves the right to  
 20 modify these facts as may be appropriate.

21 The defendant, ALFREDO GARCIA-ORTEGA and two co-defendant are charged in a nine count  
 22 indictment with bringing in illegal aliens for financial gain, transportation of illegal aliens, and aiding and  
 23 abetting. These charges are based upon the arrest of **six** defendants on or about January 26, 2008 after a  
 24 Border Patrol Agent, utilizing a Remote Video Surveillance System, initially observed four suspected  
 25 illegal aliens walk across the international boundary into the United States near the Calexico Port of Entry.  
 26 After these individuals were observed allegedly entering the United States illegally, agents were  
 27 dispatched to conduct surveillance at the location these illegals were hiding. This location was near the  
 28 USA Gas Station located on Maggio Road near the Calexico Commercial Port of Entry.

1 After agents arrived at the USA Gas Station location, the defendant and others were observed  
2 possibly meeting and talking together. Subsequently, three different vehicles arrived at three separate  
3 times.

4 The first vehicle to arrive, a 1994Mercedes Benz, was driven by an individual identified as  
5 Reynaldo Sanchez-Diaz. One illegal was observed entering that vehicle which was subsequently stopped  
6 by government agents. Although Mr. Sanchez-Diaz was arrested and charged in the original criminal  
7 complaint, the government subsequently dismissed the case against him and released him back to Mexico.

8 The second vehicle to arrive, a 1997 Ford F-150, was driven by co-defendant Michael Amarillo-  
9 Bess. According to the government, two of the remaining three illegals and co-defendant Erik Medillin-  
10 Lopez (the alleged "footguide" who was with the three illegals when first observed illegally entering the  
11 United States) entered that vehicle and were subsequently arrested.

12 The last vehicle to arrive, a 1990 Oldsmobile 88 Royale, was driven by an individual identified as  
13 Alfredo Urias-Lopez. Defendant Alfredo Garcia-Ortega and an individual identified as Fortino Avila-  
14 Sanchez were observed entering that vehicle which was subsequently stopped by government agents.  
15 Although Mr. Urias-Lopez and Mr. Fortino-Avila were charged in the original criminal complaint, the  
16 government subsequently dismissed the case against them and released them back to Mexico.

17 To date, the defense has received approximately 31 pages of discovery in this case and four DVDs  
18 containing post-arrest statements and material witness statements. However, the defense anticipates  
19 additional discovery being produced by the government. The undersigned has spoken to AUSA Paul  
20 Starita who has been assigned to represent the government in this matter. AUSA Starita has informed  
21 counsel for Mr. Garcia-Ortega that he will provide additional discovery as available and/or requested.

## 22 II.

### 23 **Motion to Compel Discovery/Preserve Evidence**

24 This request is not limited to those items that the prosecutor knows of, but rather includes all  
25 discovery listed below that is in the custody, control, care, or knowledge of any "closely related  
26 investigative [or other] agencies" under United States v. Bryan, 868 F.2d 1032 (9th Cir. 1989), and  
27 discovery of which the government attorney may become aware through the exercise of due diligence:

28 (1) The Defendants Statements. The undersigned is aware that the government has obtained

1 statements from Mr. Garcia-Ortega and others after their arrest. The defense requests disclosure of all  
2 copies of any written or recorded statement made by him; any written record containing the substance of  
3 any oral statements made by the him and any written summaries of his oral statements contained in the  
4 handwritten or rough notes of the government agent; any response to any *Miranda* warnings which may  
5 have been given by him; any response by him to any interrogation; as well as any other statements  
6 attributed to him, either solicited or unsolicited by direct questioning. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(A).

7 (2) Arrest Reports, Notes and Dispatch Tapes. Mr. Garcia-Ortega also specifically requests the  
8 government to turn over all arrest reports, notes, dispatch or any other tapes, and TECS records that relate  
9 to the circumstances surrounding his arrest or any questioning. This request includes, but is not limited to,  
10 any rough notes, records, reports, transcripts or other documents which contain statements of the  
11 defendant, time of arrest or any other discoverable material. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(A); Brady v.  
12 Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963). The government must produce arrest reports, investigator's notes, memos  
13 from arresting officers, dispatch tapes, sworn statements, and prosecution reports pertaining to the  
14 defendant. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(B) and (C); Fed. R. Crim. P. 26.2 and 12(I). In this case, Mr.  
15 Garcia-Ortega specifically requests that the government secure, preserve, maintain and disgorge to the  
16 defense all recordings of any citizen calls to law enforcement related to the initiation of the investigation  
17 as well as the dispatch recordings of law enforcement officers responding to the scene on January 26,  
18 2008.

19 (3) Criminal Record. Evidence of criminal record is available under Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(B).  
20 Evidence of other "similar" acts is discoverable under Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(B) and Fed. R. Evid.  
21 404(b) and 609; Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests all his rap sheets and any other evidence discoverable under  
22 these rules. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests all evidence, documents, records of judgments and convictions,  
23 photographs and tangible evidence, and information pertaining to any arrests and convictions or bad acts  
24 he has suffered or known of by the government. He makes an identical request for all pertinent records of  
25 all uncharged co-defendants, if any, and former co-defendants and government witnesses including  
26 informants.

27 (4) Evidence Seized. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests production of evidence seized as a result of any  
28 search, either with or without a warrant. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(C).

1 (5) Tangible Objects. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests the opportunity to inspect and copy as well as  
2 test, if necessary, all documents and tangible objects, including photographs, books, papers, documents,  
3 fingerprint analyses, vehicles, or copies of portions thereof, which are material to the defense or intended  
4 for use in the government's case-in-chief or were obtained from or belong to the defendant. Fed. R. Crim.  
5 P. 16(a)(1)(C).

6 (6) Request for Preservation of Evidence. Mr. Garcia-Ortega specifically requests the  
7 preservation of all dispatch recordings, inter-officer radio communication recordings, agents' rough notes,  
8 any documents, and any other physical evidence that may be destroyed, lost, or otherwise put out of the  
9 possession, custody, or care of the government and which relate to the arrest or the events leading to the  
10 arrest in this case. This request includes, but is not limited to seized weapons, alleged contraband (*see* §  
11 II(5), *supra*) and vehicles, the results of any fingerprint analysis, Mr. Garcia-Ortega's personal effects, and  
12 any evidence seized from the defendant or any other party.

13 (7) Reports Of Examinations And Tests. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests the opportunity to inspect  
14 and copy any reports of physical and mental examinations and any scientific tests which are material to  
15 the preparation of the defense or intended for use in the government's case-in-chief. Fed. R. Crim. P.  
16 16(a)(1)(D).

17 (8) Expert Witnesses. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests the name, qualifications, and a written  
18 summary of the opinion/testimony and bases thereon of any person that the government intends to call as  
19 an expert witness. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(E).

20 (9) Brady Material. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests all documents, statements, agents' reports, and  
21 tangible evidence favorable to the defendant on the issue of guilt, which affects the credibility of the  
22 government's case, or which may result in a lower sentence under the United States Sentencing  
23 Guidelines. Under Brady, impeachment as well as exculpatory evidence falls within the definition of  
24 evidence favorable to the accused. United States v. Bagley, 473 U.S. 667 (1985); United States v. Agurs,  
25 427 U.S. 97 (1976).

26 (10) Giglio Information. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests all statements and/or promises, express or  
27 implied, made to any government witnesses in exchange for their testimony in this case, and all other  
28 information which could arguably be used for the impeachment of any government witnesses. Giglio v.

1 United States, 405 U.S. 150 (1972).

2 (11) Informants and Cooperating Witnesses. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests disclosure of the  
3 name(s), address(es), criminal record and location(s) of all informants or cooperating witnesses used or  
4 potentially to be used in this case, and in particular, disclosure of any informant who was a percipient  
5 witness in this case or otherwise participated in the crime charged. Roviaro v. United States, 353 U.S. 52,  
6 61-62 (1957). The government must disclose any information derived from informants which exculpates  
7 or tends to exculpate the defendant. Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83 (1963). The government must  
8 disclose any information indicating bias on the part of any informant or cooperating witness. Id. Mr.  
9 Garcia-Ortega also requests that the government disgorge any information in its possession regarding  
10 other parties culpable in this matter as these individuals are highly relevant and material to Mr. Garcia-  
11 Ortega's defense.

12 (12) Jencks Act Material. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests production in advance of trial of all  
13 material, including dispatch tapes, which the government must produce pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3500.  
14 Advance production will avoid the possibility of delay at the request of defendant to investigate the Jencks  
15 material. A verbal acknowledgment that "rough" notes constitute an accurate account of the witness'  
16 interview is sufficient for the report or notes to qualify as a statement under §3500(e)(1). Campbell v.  
17 United States, 373 U.S. 487, 490-92 (1963). In United States v. Boshell, 952 F.2d 1101 (9th Cir. 1991),  
18 the Ninth Circuit held that when an agent goes over interview notes with the subject of the interview the  
19 notes are then subject to the Jencks Act.

20 (13) Any Potential 404(b)/609 Evidence. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests prior notice of any other  
21 crimes or bad acts that the government intends to introduce, whether in its case in chief, for impeachment  
22 or rebuttal. Fed. R. Crim. P. 16(a)(1)(C); Fed. R. Evid. 404(b) and 609(b). Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests  
23 such notice at least one month before trial in order to give the defense time to investigate and prepare for  
24 trial.

25 (14) Any Information That May Result In A Lower Sentence Under The Guidelines As discussed  
26 above, this information is discoverable under Brady v. Maryland, 373 U.S. 83(1963). This request  
27 includes any cooperation or attempted cooperation by the defendant, as well as any information that could  
28 affect any base offense level or specific offense characteristic under Chapter Two of the Guidelines. Also

1 included in this request is any information relevant to a Chapter Three adjustment, a determination of the  
2 defendant's criminal history, or any other application of the Guidelines.

3 (15) Evidence of Bias or Motive to Lie Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests any evidence that any  
4 prospective government witness is biased or prejudiced against the defendant, or has a motive to falsify or  
5 distort his or her testimony. Pennsylvania v. Ritchie, 480 U.S. 39 (1987); United States v. Strifler, 851  
6 F.2d 1197 (9th Cir. 1988);

7 (16) Impeachment evidence Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests any evidence that any prospective  
8 government witness has engaged in any criminal act whether or not resulting in a conviction and whether  
9 any witness has made a statement favorable to the defendant. See Fed. R. Evid. 608, 609 and 613. Such  
10 evidence is discoverable under Brady v. Maryland, supra. See United States v. Strifler, 851 F.2d 1197(9th  
11 Cir. 1988)(witness' prior record); Thomas v. United States, 343 F.2d 49 (9th Cir. 1965)(evidence that  
12 detracts from a witness' credibility);

13 (17) Evidence of Criminal Investigation of Any Government Witness Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests  
14 any evidence that any prospective witness is under investigation by federal, state or local authorities for  
15 any criminal conduct. United States v. Chitty, 760 F.2d 425 (2d Cir.) cert. denied, 474 U.S. 945 (1985);

16 (18) Evidence Affecting Perception, Recollection, Ability to Communicate, or Truth Telling Mr.  
17 Garcia-Ortega requests any evidence, including any medical or psychiatric report or evaluation, tending to  
18 show that any prospective witness's ability to perceive, remember, communicate, or tell the truth is  
19 impaired; and any evidence that a witness has ever used narcotics or other controlled substance, or has  
20 ever been an alcoholic. United States v. Strifler, 851 F.2d 1197 (9th Cir. 1988); Chavis v. North Carolina,  
21 637 F.2d 213, 224 (4th Cir. 1980);

22 (19) Witness Addresses Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests the name and last known address of each  
23 prospective government witness. See United States v. Napue, 834 F.2d 1311 (7th Cir. 1987); United  
24 States v. Tucker, 716 F.2d 576 (9th Cir. 1983) (failure to interview government witnesses by counsel is  
25 ineffective assistance); United States v. Cook, 608 F.2d 1175, 1181 (9th Cir. 1979) (defense has equal  
26 right to talk to witnesses). The defendant also requests the name and last known address of every witness  
27 to the crime or crimes charged (or any of the overt acts committed in furtherance thereof) who will not be  
28 called as a government witness. United States v. Cadet, 727 F.2d, 1453 (9th Cir. 1984);

1 (20) Name of Witnesses Favorable to the Defendant Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests the name of any  
2 witness who made an arguably favorable statement concerning the defendant or who could not identify  
3 him or who was unsure of her identity, or participation in the crime charged. Jackson v. Wainwright, 390  
4 F.2d 288 (5th Cir. 1968); Chavis v. North Carolina, 637 F.2d 213, 223 (4th Cir. 1980); Jones v. Jago, 575  
5 F.2d 1164, 1168 (6th Cir.), cert. denied, 439 U.S. 883 (1978); Hudson v. Blackburn, 601 F.2d 785 (5th  
6 Cir. 1979), cert. denied, 444 U.S. 1086 (1980);

7 (21) Statements Relevant to the Defense Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests disclosure of any statement  
8 that may be "relevant to any possible defense or contention" that he might assert. United States v.  
9 Bailleaux, 685 F.2d 1105 (9th Cir. 1982);

10 (22) Personnel Records of Government Officers Involved in the Arrest Mr. Garcia-Ortega  
11 requests all citizen complaints and other related internal affairs documents involving any of the Federal  
12 Agents or other law enforcement officers who were involved in the investigation, arrest and interrogation  
13 of him, pursuant to Pitchess v. Superior Court, 11 Cal. 3d 531, 539 (1974). Because of the sensitive  
14 nature of such Henthorn documents, defense counsel will not be able to procure them from any other  
15 source;

16 (23) Prosecutor's Duty to Inspect Agent's Files Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests that the court order  
17 the prosecutor to personally review the personnel files of the agents involved.

18 (24) Release of Evidence for Defense Testing. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests that the government  
19 release to his designated expert all items seized so that the defense may conduct independent testing of the  
20 items.

21 (25) Subpoena, Intercept and Warrant Information and Evidence. Mr. Garcia-Ortega requests a  
22 copy of all electronic interception orders, search warrants and subpoenas (whether state or federal,  
23 whether written or telephonic, and including recordings or transcripts of telephonic applications), and  
24 related applications for electronic interception, subpoenas and warrants, their affidavits, attachments, and  
25 inventories related to this case. He also requests copies of all documents provided to or seized by the  
26 government pursuant to such court-authorized orders. He requests copies of all recordings made by the  
27 government made pursuant to warrant or order as well as line-sheets and any other documentation of such  
28 recordings.

1 (26) Residual Discovery/All Other Relevant Materials Mr. Garcia-Ortega intends for this motion  
2 to cover the full extent of discoverable material. He therefore requests that the government be required to  
3 disgorge all other discoverable material which she otherwise has failed to request.

4 **III.**

5 **Mr. Garcia-Ortega Seeks Leave to File Further Motions**

6 As stated above, the defense anticipates that the government will provide additional discovery in  
7 this matter. It is anticipated that forthcoming discovery will include evidence derived from witness  
8 statements, defendant's statements, searches, government agents' reports, etc. Absent this evidence the  
9 defense is unable to adequately address what substantive motions may need to be filed. Therefore, Mr.  
10 Garcia-Ortega would seek an opportunity to file additional motions based on information to be provide to  
11 the defense.

12 He therefore requests additional time to file supplemental substantive motions at a future hearing.

13 **IV.**

14 **Conclusion**

15 For the reasons stated above, the defendant, Mr. Garcia-Ortega, respectfully requests that this  
16 Court grant the above-requested motions.

17 Respectfully submitted,

18  
19 DATES: March 5, 2008

s/Michael Littman  
Attorney for ALFREDO GARCIA-ORTEGA



**PROOF OF SERVICE**

I declare that:

I am a citizen of the United States and employed in the city of San Diego, CA. I am over eighteen years of age. My business address is 105 West F Street, Fourth Floor San Diego, CA 92101.

On March 5, 2008, I personally served the following documents:

**Notice of Motion and Motion for Discovery and For Leave to File Further Motions, and Memorandum of Points and Authorities in Support of The Motions**

on the below attorneys by electronic filing:

Assistant United States Attorney Paul Starita

Siri Shetty, Attorney for Erik Medellin-Lopez

Daniel Casillas, Attorney for Michael Bess-Amarillas

I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing is true and correct, and that this declaration was executed on March 5, 2008 at San Diego, CA.

s/ Michael Littman